Ν	lame:	Class:	Date:			
	Section 5.1: The Pa	rticle Model o	f Matter			
W	hat are the three states of matter?					
W	hat makes water change from one state to a	nother?				
	The Face Stain Ideas of t	he Doutiele Me	adal of Matter			
	The Four Main Ideas of the Particle Model of Matter					
	Use words and phrases from Section !	5.1 to complet	e the following sentences:			
1.	Sublimation occurs when a solid changes d	irectly to a gas	without becoming a liquid. To			
	examples of this are and					
2.	When matter changes state, it does not		or lose			
3.	The particle model can be used to explain the of matter, the					
	of solids, liquids, and gases, and what happens in changes of					

Name:	Date	:	

The Particle Model of Matter

Use the following words to fill in the blanks in the chart.

liquid reverse gas vibrate freely melting empty evaporation slowly shape fixed small condensation absorbs solid larger fills freezing

The particles in a solid are held together strongly. The spaces between the particles are very A has a fixed shape and a fixed volume because the particles can move only a little. The particles back and forth but remain in their fixed positions.
As a solid is heated, the particles vibrate faster and faster until they have enough energy to break away from their fixed positions. When this happens, the particles can move about more The change from a solid to a liquid is called The reverse of melting is called or solidification. This is the change from a liquid to a solid. As a liquid cools, the particles in the liquid lose energy and move more and more When they settle into fixed positions, the liquid has frozen or solidified.
The particles in a liquid are separated by spaces that are large enough to allow the particles to slide past each other. A takes the of its container because the particles can move around more freely than they can in a solid. They are held close together, however. Therefore, a liquid has a volume, like a solid.
When a liquid heat energy, the particles move about more and more quickly. Some of the particles gain enough energy to break free of the other particles. When this happens, the liquid changes to a gas. The change from a liquid to a gas is called The process—the change from a gas to a liquid—is called As a gas cools, the particles in the gas lose energy and move more and more slowly until the gas condenses to a liquid.
The particles in a gas are separated by much spaces than the particles in a liquid or a solid. Therefore, a gas is mostly space. A always whatever container it is in. Since the particles are moving constantly in all directions, they spread throughout their container, no matter what volume or shape their container is.